ePosterBoard Formatting Guidelines

IMPORTANT: Due to difference in operating system standards and character sets, mathematical formulas created in Windows often don’t display correctly on MAC OS, even in PowerPoint. Please convert formulas to images.

General Guidelines:

• Recommended fonts: Calibri, Arial, Times New Roman
• Recommended font size: 28pt or larger
• Slide/Poster size: 40.97x23.04, which is a 16:9 ratio.
• Single or Multiple pages slides/may be used for poster.
• Multiple slides/pages should be used if there is additional content, images, graphs and videos that need to be displayed on your poster.
• If multiple pages are used, slides/pages need to either be set for “mouse click” option should be chosen for each slide/page to advance.
• Videos, animations, graphs and images can be embedded into your poster.
• Embedded video may be displayed in the following formats:
  o .mov, .mp4, .m4v, .avi, mpeg
• The eposter layout should be landscape orientation.
• ePoster Power Point templates are available for download on the event website.

Kiosk Guidelines

Your poster sessions will be done in Kiosk Mode. Kiosk mode means that we receive the presentation ahead of time, then combine multiple presentations into a single presentation with a menu and navigation buttons. This ensures that it’s easy to swap between different posters that are on the same screen. There are some things to consider:

• We will disable the ‘click to advance’ feature, and instead place navigation buttons in the upper-right corner of the presentation.
• Due to not being able to ‘click to advance’, please make all animations work on a timer, instead of on mouse-click.
• Please ensure that your poster is the correct size. If not, it will be forced into the correct size, and the poster may be distorted.

Making the Most of Your Presentation

ePosters offer a very flexible format, and there are several methods you can use
to optimize your presentation. The goal of your presentation should always be readability. You are no longer constrained to a single-page poster, so if you have a lot of information, it’s a good idea to split it up across multiple pages. There are a few key methods that can be used in conjunction with multiple pages to make your presentation interactive and flexible.

**Videos**

Videos can be used to add animation and content density to a presentation. Consider the following use cases:

- Show a rotating molecule or some other scientific model
- Make a looping video of multiple tables or charts
- Show a video of your work in progress
- You may embed a link to a YouTube or other internet video, which will launch in a browser.

**Hyperlinking**

Hyperlinking is a method of navigation within a presentation. You may hyperlink text or images to jump to other slides in your presentation. Common use cases are:

- Having a main page with an overview, and have links to subsequent pages with more detail
- Make it possible to click on a small graph, chart, or image and navigate to another slide with a full-screen version of that image.
  - Add a home button or full-screen object to link back to the page that launched the full-screen image.
- Combine these techniques to make a very interactive and dynamic presentation.
- If you use these methods, it is recommended that you disable “Click to advance to next slide”, as this can disrupt the intended flow of your presentation.